



AssayMax Human High Molecular-weight Kininogen ELISA Kit (Plasma & Serum Samples)

Catalog No. EK2001-1

Introduction

High molecular-weight kininogen (HK) is a plasma protein coagulation cofactor serving for the activation of zymogens prekallikrein, Factor XII and Factor XI and is also a substrate of each of their proteolytic forms. It circulates as a complex with these zymogens and links the plasma coagulation, fibrinolysis, complement activation, and blood pressure control. HK is produced by the liver and weighs 120 kDa with 626 amino acids. Its plasma concentration ranges from 55 to 90 $\mu\text{g/ml}$ and (1 - 5). HK exhibits anticoagulant properties and is a strong inhibitor of cysteine proteases. Upon cleavage by kallikrein, the released active peptide bradykinin mediates NO release, vasodilation, hypotension and pain. The remaining cleaved HK (HKa) exhibits antiadhesive and antiangiogenic activity, enhancing cell-associated fibrinolysis and releasing cytokines and chemokines to enhance inflammation. Patients with HK deficiency exhibit abnormal surface-mediated activation of fibrinolysis (6 - 7).

Principal of the Assay

The AssayMax Human Kininogen ELISA (Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay) kit is designed for detection of human Kininogen in urine and cell culture supernatant. This assay employs a quantitative competitive enzyme immunoassay technique that measures human Kininogen in less than 3 hours. A polyclonal antibody specific for human Kininogen has been pre-coated onto a 96-well microplate with removable strips. Kininogen in standards and samples is sandwiched by the immobilized antibody and the biotinylated polyclonal antibody specific for Kininogen, which is recognized by a streptavidin-peroxidase conjugate. All unbound material is then washed away and a peroxidase enzyme substrate is added. The color development is stopped and the intensity of the color is measured.

Caution and Warning

- This kit is for research use only.
- The kit should not be used beyond the expiration date.
- The Stop Solution is an acid solution

Reagents

- **Human Kininogen Microplate:** A 96-well polystyrene microplate (12 strips of 8 wells) coated with a polyclonal antibody against human Kininogen.
- **Sealing Tapes:** Each kit contains 3 pre-cut, pressure-sensitive sealing tapes that can be cut to fit the format of the individual assay.
- **Human Kininogen Standard:** Human Kininogen in a buffered protein base (2 µg, lyophilized).
- **Biotinylated Kininogen:** 1 vial, lyophilized.
- **MIX Diluent Concentrate (10x):** A 10-fold concentrated buffered protein base (30 ml).
- **Wash Buffer Concentrate (20x):** A 20-fold concentrated buffered surfactant (30 ml).
- **Streptavidin-Peroxidase Conjugate (SP Conjugate):** A 100-fold concentrate (90 µl).
- **Chromogen Substrate:** A ready-to-use stabilized peroxidase chromogen substrate tetramethylbenzidine (8 ml).
- **Stop Solution:** A 0.5 N hydrochloric acid to stop the chromogen substrate reaction (12 ml).

Storage Condition

- Store kit at 2-8⁰C or -20⁰C upon arrival up to the expiration date.
- Opened MIX Diluent may be stored for up to 1 month at 2-8⁰C. Store reconstituted reagents at -20⁰C or below.
- Opened unused strip wells may return to the foil pouch with the desiccant pack, reseal along zip-seal. May be stored for up to 1 month in a vacuum desiccator.

Other Supplies Required

- Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm
- Pipettes (1-20 µl, 20-200 µl, 200-1000µl and multiple channel)
- Deionized or distilled reagent grade water

Sample Collection, Preparation and Storage

- **Plasma:** Collect plasma using one-tenth volume of 0.1 M sodium citrate as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge samples at 2000 x g for 10 minutes and assay. Dilute samples 1:200 into MIX Diluent. The undiluted samples can be stored at -20⁰C or below for up to 3 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. (EDTA or Heparin can also be used as anticoagulant.)
- **Serum:** Samples should be collected into a serum separator tube. After clot formation, centrifuge samples at 2000 x g for 10 minutes. Remove serum and assay. Dilute samples 1:200 into MIX Diluent. The undiluted samples can be stored at -20⁰C or below for up to 3 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Reagent Preparation

- Freshly dilute all reagents and bring all reagents to room temperature before use. If crystals have formed in the concentrate, mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved.
- **MIX Diluent Concentrate (10x):** Dilute the MIX Diluent 1:10 with reagent grade water. Store for up to 1 month at 2-8⁰C.
- **Standard Curve:** Reconstitute the 2 µg of Kininogen Standard with 0.5 ml of MIX Diluent to generate a solution of 4 µg/ml. Allow the standard to sit for 10 minutes with gentle

agitation prior to making dilutions. Prepare triplicate standard points by serially diluting the standard solution (4 µg/ml) 1:2 with equal volume of MIX Diluent to produce 2, 1, 0.5, 0.25, 0.125 and 0.0625 µg/ml solutions. MIX Diluent serves as the zero standard (0 µg/ml). Any remaining solution should be frozen at -20°C.

Standard Point	Dilution	[Kininogen] (µg/ml)
P1	Standard (4 µg/ml)	4.000
P2	1 part P1 + 1 part MIX Diluent	2.000
P3	1 part P2 + 1 part MIX Diluent	1.000
P4	1 part P3 + 1 part MIX Diluent	0.500
P5	1 part P4 + 1 part MIX Diluent	0.250
P6	1 part P5 + 1 part MIX Diluent	0.1250
P7	1 part P6 + 1 part MIX Diluent	0.0625
P8	MIX Diluent	0.0000

- **Biotinylated Kininogen (1x):** Dilute Biotinylated Kininogen with 4 ml EIA Diluent to produce a working solution. Allow the biotin to sit for 10 minutes with gentle agitation prior to use. Any remaining solution should be frozen at -20°C.
- **Wash Buffer Concentrate (20x):** Dilute the Wash Buffer Concentrate 1:20 with reagent grade water.
- **SP Conjugate (100x):** Spin down the SP Conjugate briefly and dilute the desired amount of the conjugate 1:100 with MIX Diluent. Any remaining solution should be frozen at -20°C.

Assay Procedure

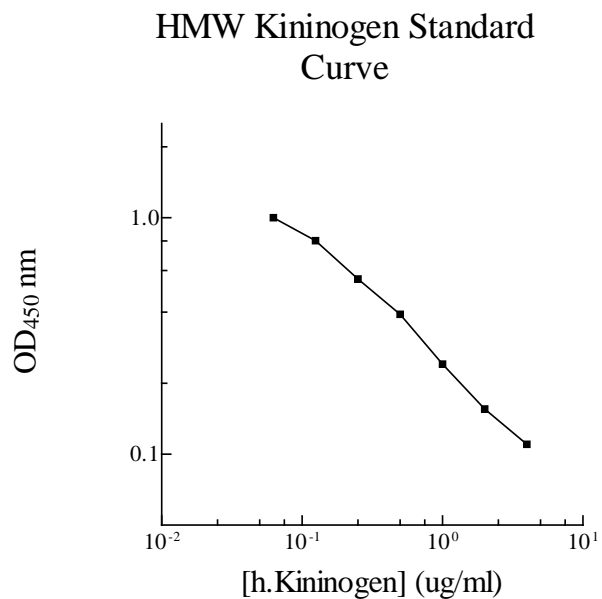
- Prepare all reagents, working standards and samples as instructed. Bring all reagents to room temperature before use. The assay is performed at room temperature (20-30°C).
- Remove excess microplate strips from the plate frame and return them immediately to the foil pouch with desiccant inside. Reseal the pouch securely to minimize exposure to water vapor and store in a vacuum desiccator.
- Add 25 µl of standard and/or sample per well, and immediately add 25 µl of Biotinylated Kininogen to each well (on top of the standard or sample). Cover wells with a sealing tape and incubate for two hours at room temperature. Start the timer after the last sample addition.
- Wash five times with 200 µl of Wash Buffer. Invert the plate and decant the contents, and blot it on absorbent paper towel to completely remove liquid at each step.
- Add 50 µl of Streptavidin-Peroxidase Conjugate to each well and incubate for 30 minutes. Turn on the microplate reader and set up the program in advance.
- Wash five times with 200 µl of Wash Buffer.
- Add 50 µl of Chromogen Substrate per well and incubate for about 10 minutes or till the optimal blue color density develops. Gently tap plate to ensure thorough mixing and break the bubbles in the well with pipette tip.
- Add 50 µl of Stop Solution to each well. The color will change from blue to yellow.
- Read the absorbance on a microplate reader at a wavelength of 450 nm immediately.

Data Analysis

- Calculate the mean value of the triplicate readings for each standard and sample.
- To generate a Standard Curve, plot the graph using the standard concentrations on the x-axis and the corresponding mean 450 nm absorbance on the y-axis. The best-fit line can be determined by regression analysis using log-log or four-parameter logistic curve-fit.
- Determine the unknown sample concentration from the Standard Curve and multiply the value by the dilution factor.

Standard Curve

- The curve is provided for illustration only. A standard curve should be generated each time the assay is performed.



Performance Characteristics

- The minimum detectable dose of Kininogen is typically less than 50 ng/ml.
- Intra-assay and inter-assay coefficients of variation were 4.8% and 7.3% respectively.

Linearity

Sample Dilution	Average Percentage of Expected Value	
	Plasma	Serum
1:100	100%	105%
1:200	98%	100%
1:400	97%	98%

Recovery

Standard Added Value	0.1 – 1 µg/ml
Recovery %	83-105 %
Average Recovery %	94 %

Cross-Reactivity

Species	% Cross Reactivity
Beagle	< 2
Bovine	None
Monkey	< 10
Mouse	None
Rat	None
Swine	< 2

References

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- (3) Kellermann J *et al.* (1986) *Eur. J. Biochem.* 154:471-478
- (4) Kitamura N *et al.* (1985) *J. Biol. Chem.* 260:8610-8617
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- (6) Coffman LG *et al.* (2009) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 106:570-575
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Version 1.2

Related Products

- EK1001-1 AssayMax Human Kininogen ELISA Kit (for urine, milk, saliva and cell culture samples)