



AssayMax Human Apolipoprotein C-III ELISA Kit

Catalog No. EA9133-1

Introduction

Apolipoprotein C-III (apoC-III) is a surface component of chylomicrons, very low density lipoproteins, and high density lipoproteins. It consists of 79 amino acids with a molecular mass of 8.8 kDa (1). ApoC-III is synthesized mainly in the liver and to a lesser degree in the intestine. It plays a key role in triglyceride-rich lipoprotein metabolism. It is an inhibitor of lipoprotein lipase and hepatic lipase, and interferes with binding of lipoproteins to cell surface heparan sulfate proteoglycans and receptors (2 -3). Overexpression of the human apoC-III gene causes hypertriglyceridemia in transgenic mice (4 - 5). Deficiency of apoC-III prevents hyperlipidemia induced by apoE overexpression (6). As its deficiency results in diet-induced obesity and aggravated insulin resistance in mice, apoC3 is a potential target for treatment of obesity and insulin resistance (7).

Principal of the Assay

The AssayMax Human Apo C-III ELISA (Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay) kit is designed for detection of human Apo C-III in plasma, serum and cell culture samples. This assay employs a quantitative competitive enzyme immunoassay technique that measures human Apo C-III in less than 5 hours. A mAb capture antibody has been coated onto a 96-well microplate with removable strips. Monoclonal antibody against human Apo C-III binds to the captured antibody. Apo C-III in standards and samples is competed by a biotinylated Apo C-III sandwiched by the immobilized antibody and streptavidin-peroxidase conjugate. All unbound material is then washed away and a peroxidase enzyme substrate is added. The color development is stopped and the intensity of the color is measured.

Caution and Warning

- This kit is for research use only.
- The kit should not be used beyond the expiration date.
- The Stop Solution is an acid solution

Reagents

- **mAb Capture Microplate:** A 96-well polystyrene mAb capture microplate (12 strips of 8 wells)
- **Monoclonal Antibody against Human Apo C-III (40x):** 1 vial, (200µl)

- **Sealing Tapes:** Each kit contains 3 pre-cut, pressure-sensitive sealing tapes that can be cut to fit the format of the individual assay.
- **Human Apo C-III Standard:** Human Apo C-III in a buffered protein base (40 µg, lyophilized).
- **Biotinylated Apo C-III (1x):** lyophilized, 1 vial
- **EIA Diluent Concentrate (10x):** A 10-fold concentrated buffered protein base (30 ml).
- **Wash Buffer Concentrate (20x):** A 20-fold concentrated buffered surfactant (30 ml).
- **Streptavidin-Peroxidase Conjugate (SP Conjugate):** A 100-fold concentrate (90 µl).
- **Chromogen Substrate:** A ready-to-use stabilized peroxidase chromogen substrate tetramethylbenzidine (8 ml).
- **Stop Solution:** A 0.5 N hydrochloric acid to stop the chromogen substrate reaction (12 ml).

Storage Condition

- Store kit at 2-8⁰C or -20⁰C upon arrival up to the expiration date.
- Opened EIA Diluent may be stored for up to 1 month at 2-8⁰C. Store reconstituted reagents at -20⁰C or below.
- Opened unused strip wells may return to the foil pouch with the desiccant pack, reseal along zip-seal. May be stored for up to 1 month in a vacuum desiccator.

Other Supplies Required

- Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm
- Pipettes (1-20 µl, 20-200 µl, 200-1000µl and multiple channel)
- Deionized or distilled reagent grade water

Sample Collection, Preparation and Storage

- **Plasma:** Collect plasma using one-tenth volume of 0.1 M sodium citrate as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge samples at 2000 x g for 10 minutes and assay. Dilute samples 1:20 into EIA Diluent. Store samples at -20⁰C or below for up to 3 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. (EDTA or Heparin can also be used as anticoagulant.)
- **Serum:** Samples should be collected into a serum separator tube. After clot formation, centrifuge samples at 2000 x g for 10 minutes. Dilute samples 1:20 into EIA Diluent. Store samples at -20⁰C or below for up to 3 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
- **Cell Culture Supernatants:** Centrifuge cell culture media at 2000 x g for 10 minutes to remove debris. Collect supernatants and assay. Store samples at -20⁰C or below. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Reagent Preparation

- Freshly dilute all reagents and bring all reagents to room temperature before use. If crystals have formed in the concentrate, mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved.
- **EIA Diluent Concentrate (10x):** Dilute the EIA Diluent 1:10 with reagent grade water. Store for up to 1 month at 2-8⁰C.
- **Monoclonal Antibody against Human Apo C-III (40x):** Spin down the antibody briefly and dilute the desired amount of the antibody 1:40 with EIA Diluent. Any remaining solution should be frozen at -20⁰C.

- **Standard Curve:** Reconstitute the 40 µg of Apo C-III standard with 1 ml of EIA Diluent to generate a stock solution of 40 µg/ml. Allow the standard to warm to room temperature prior to making dilutions. Prepare triplicate standard points by serially diluting the standard solution (40 µg/ml) 1:2 with EIA Diluent to produce 20, 10, 5.0, 2.5, 1.25 and 0.625 µg/ml solutions. EIA Diluent serves as the zero standard (0 µg/ml). Any remaining solution should be frozen at -20°C.

Standard Point	Dilution	[Apo C-III] (µg/ml)
P1	Standard (40 µg/ml)	40.000
P2	1 part P1 + 1 part EIA Diluent	20.000
P3	1 part P2 + 1 part EIA Diluent	10.000
P4	1 part P3 + 1 part EIA Diluent	5.000
P5	1 part P4 + 1 part EIA Diluent	2.500
P6	1 part P5 + 1 part EIA Diluent	1.250
P7	1 part P6 + 1 part EIA Diluent	0.625
P8	EIA Diluent	0.000

- **Biotinylated Apo C-III (1x):** Dilute Biotinylated Apo C-III with 4 ml EIA Diluent to produce a working solution. Allow the biotin to sit for 10 minutes with gentle agitation prior to use. Any remaining solution should be frozen at -20°C.
- **Wash Buffer Concentrate (20x):** Dilute the Wash Buffer Concentrate 1:20 with reagent grade water.
- **SP Conjugate (100x):** Spin down the SP Conjugate briefly and dilute the desired amount of the conjugate 1:100 with EIA Diluent. Any remaining solution should be frozen at -20°C.

Assay Procedure

- Prepare all reagents, working standards and samples as instructed. Bring all reagents to room temperature before use. The assay is performed at room temperature (20-30°C).
- Remove excess microplate strips from the plate frame and return them immediately to the foil pouch with desiccant inside. Reseal the pouch securely to minimize exposure to water vapor and store in a vacuum desiccator.
- Add 50µl of **Monoclonal Antibody against Human Apo C3** to each well. Cover wells with a sealing tape and incubate for **two hours** at room temperature. Start the timer after the last sample addition
- Wash five times with 200 µl of Wash Buffer. Invert the plate and decant the contents, and blot it on absorbent paper towel to completely remove liquid at each step.
 - Add 25 µl of **Standard** and/or **Sample** per well, and immediately add 25 µl of **Biotinylated Apo C-III** to each well (on top of the standard or sample). Cover wells with a sealing tape and incubate for **two hours** at room temperature. Start the timer after the last sample addition.
- Wash five times with 200 µl of Wash Buffer. Invert the plate and decant the contents, and blot it on absorbent paper towel to completely remove liquid at each step.
- Add 50 µl of **Streptavidin-Peroxidase Conjugate** to each well and incubate for **30 minutes**. Turn on the microplate reader and set up the program in advance.
- Wash five times with 200 µl of Wash Buffer.
- Add 50 µl of **Chromogen Substrate** per well and incubate for about 10 minutes or until the optimal blue color density develops. Gently tap plate to ensure thorough mixing and break the bubbles in the well with pipette tip.

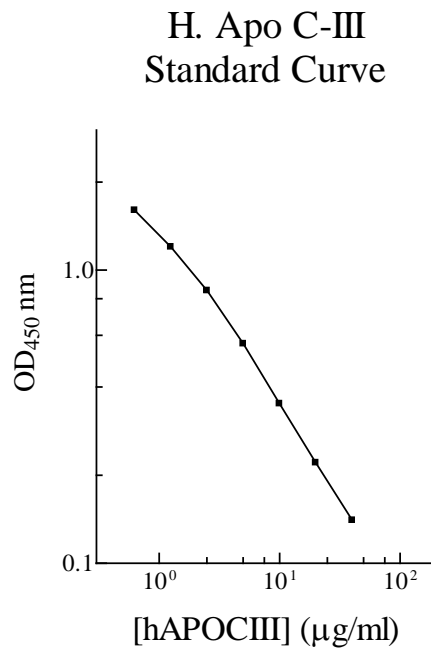
- Add 50 μl of **Stop Solution** to each well. The color will change from blue to yellow.
- Read the absorbance on a microplate reader at a wavelength of 450 nm immediately.

Data Analysis

- Calculate the mean value of the triplicate readings for each standard and sample.
- To generate a Standard Curve, plot the graph using the standard concentrations on the x-axis and the corresponding mean 450 nm absorbance on the y-axis. The best-fit line can be determined by regression analysis using log-log or four-parameter logistic curve-fit.
- Determine the unknown sample concentration from the Standard Curve and multiply the value by the dilution factor.

Standard Curve

- The curve is provided for illustration only. A standard curve should be generated each time the assay is performed.



Performance Characteristics

- The minimum detectable dose of Apo C-III is typically 200 ng/ml.
- Intra-assay and inter-assay coefficients of variation were 4.9% and 7.5% respectively.
- No significant cross reactivity with Apo AI, Apo AII, Apo B, Apo CI, Apo CII, or Apo E.
- This kit has 100% cross reactivity with Monkey samples.

Linearity

Sample Dilution	Average Percentage of Expected Value	
	Plasma	Serum
1:20	98%	95%
1:40	100%	97%
1:80	112%	109%

Recovery

Standard Added Value	1 – 10 ug/ml
Recovery %	84 - 110
Average Recovery %	97

References

- (1) Jong MC *et al.* (1999) *Arterioscler. Thromb. Vasc. Biol.* 19: 472-484
- (2) Wang CS *et al.* (1985) *J. Clin. Invest* 75: 384-390
- (3) Dammerman M *et al.* (1993) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.* 90: 4562–4566
- (4) Ito Y *et al.* (1990) *Science* 249: 790-793
- (5) Aalto-Setälä K *et al.* (1996) *J. Lipid Res.* 37:1802-1811
- (6) Gerritsen G *et al.* (2005) *J. Lipid Res.* 46:1466-1473
- (7) Duivenvoorden I *et al.* (2005) *Diabetes* 54:664-671

Version 1.1

Related Products:

- EA8133-1 AssayMax Human Apo C-III ELISA Kit (Plasma, Serum, Urine and Cell Culture Supernatants samples)
- ERA9133-1 AssayMax Rat/Mouse Apo C-III ELISA Kit (Plasma, Serum and Cell Culture Supernatants samples)